PIG PROGRESS ESPHM | Thessaloniki | Greece | May 31, 2023 Vincent ter Beek, editor, Pig Progress production **Future** and meat trends consumption

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- 2. 12 Trends my selection
- 3. Conclusion



A few words about *Pig Progress*



PIG PROGRESS

Magazines & **Special editions**

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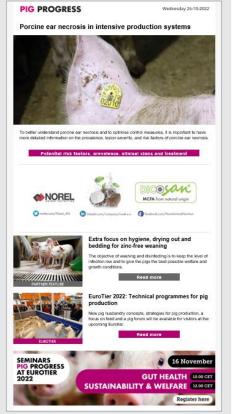


y of in Social Media

Podcasts



Newsletters



Sister titles

DAIRY GLOBAL ALL ABOUT FEED PIG PROGRESS POULTRY WORLD FUTURE FARMING



Introduction

- 46 years old
- History & Journalism (Netherlands)
- Postgraduate Newspaper Journalism (UK)
- College teacher (2002-2003)
- Local journalism (2000-2005)
 - → De Twentsche Courant Tubantia
 - → Provinciale Zeeuwse Courant
- Trade journalism (2005-2023)
 - → Pig Progress



Farm visits



















Introduction – Trends

- A trend is a form of **collective behaviour** in which a group of people enthusiastically follow an impulse for a short period. [Wikipedia]
- 12 Trends in swine production
- My selection of trends not the selection of trends
- Why do I think this is something to watch?
- This is not a Top-12 they are just alphabetically ordered

Introduction – Trends

- 1. Anticipating climate change
- 2. Applying precision technology
- 3. Building multistorey
- 4. Enhancing biosecurity
- 5. Going organic
- 6. Keeping tails and testicles
- 7. Lowering emissions
- 8. Producing antibiotic-free (and no ZnO)
- 9. Providing space to sows
- 10. Replacing meat
- 11. Searching soy alternatives
- 12. Using social media





If pigs can be kept more efficiently when kept on different floors, then what is stopping us?



- Glauzig, Saxony-Anhalt, Germany (1969)
 → 500 sows
- Yangxiang, Guigang, Guangxi province, China (2018) → 51,000 sows on 9 floors
- Muyuan, Neixiang, Henan province, China (2020) → 84,000 sows on 6 floors
- Zhongxin Kaiwei, Ezhou, Hubei province, China (2022) → 48,000 sows on 26 floors









Number of floors	Percentage of buildings
2 floors	48%
3-4 floors	29%
5-7 floors	22%
8 floors	1.5%
9-15 floors	0.4%
26 floors	0.1%

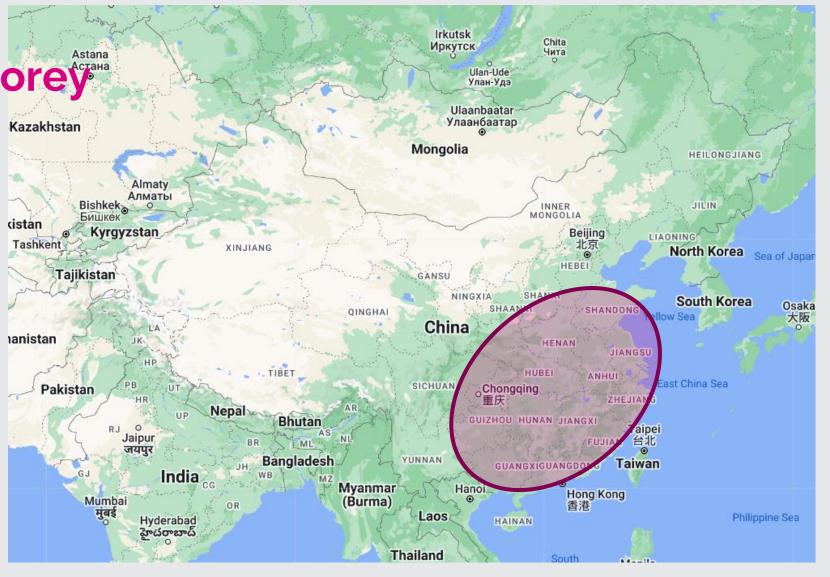
Source: Dr E. Wayne Johnson/Chinese data 2020/2021

Integrator	# Complexes	Tallest
Wens Group	7	9 floors
New Hope Liuhe	4	9 floors
Tianzhao Zhuye	4	7 floors
Yangxiang	3	17 floors
Jingjizhinong	3	9 floors
Tangrenshen	3	7 floors
Muyuan	3	6 floors
Aonong	2	8 floors
Luoniushan	2	4 floors

Source: Yangzhu 360.com



- Where the population density is highest
- In other words:
 where land is scarce
- < 1 million sows in actual high-rise production
- About 2.5% of pigs in China **born** in high-rise buildings
- Largest investment: Muyuan: 5 billion RMB (€660 million)



- Pig production is a lucrative business
- Area is scarce and expensive
- Animal health (theory)
- Breeding efficiency
- (Labour) efficiency



- High building costs
- Internal biosecurity



- Societal pressure
- High costs for disease prevention
- Manure management (piping)
- Getting (environmental) permission is tough
- Water pressure dropping
- Logistics (AIAO) within the pig house
- Occurrence of new health problems?



Biosecurity is a matter of mindset





Source: Magolovkin, e.a., Emerging Infectious Diseases, February 2015

Enhancing biosecurity

African Swine Fever virus is **not gone** yet

- Many countries have issues to aim for transparency and cooperation
- There are many "unknowns" about the whereabouts
 - →ASF virus is also in wild boar in Asia (e.g. South Korea, rare reports from China)
 - → Dead infected pigs washed ashore in Taiwan
- Various other genotypes in Africa, to date: 24.



Source: COA, pig at coast near Taipei, April 2021.

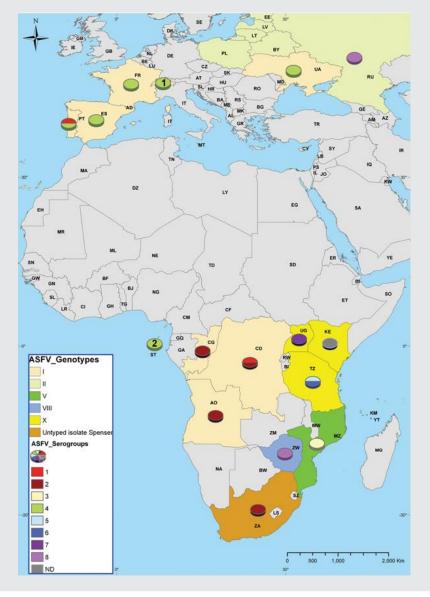
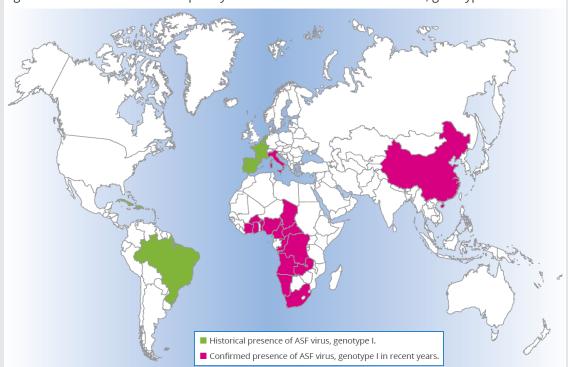
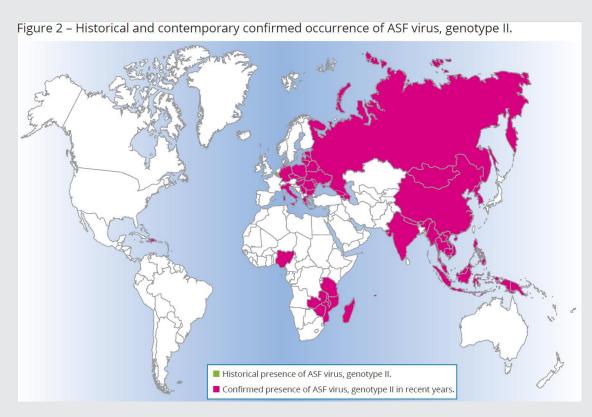




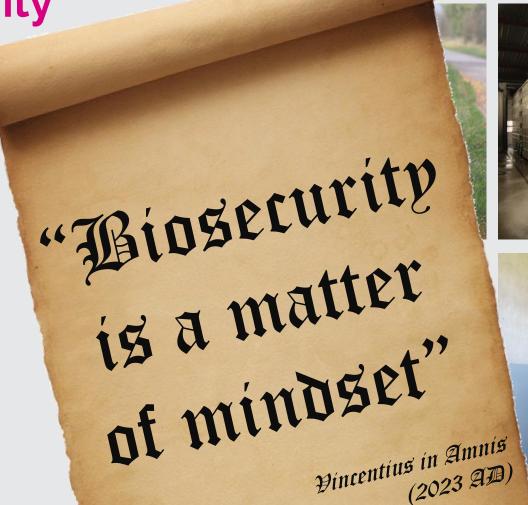
Figure 1 – Historical and contemporary confirmed occurrence of ASF virus, genotype I.





Source: Pig Progress, 39.03 (2023)

- Nationwide biosecurity
 - → Fences in Denmark
 - → Checks at border
- External biosecurity
 - → Proper fencing
 - → Decent air filtration
 - → Isolated location
- Internal biosecurity
 - → HyCare
 - Coated walls
 - Fly reduction
 - Water treatment
 - Say no to rodents

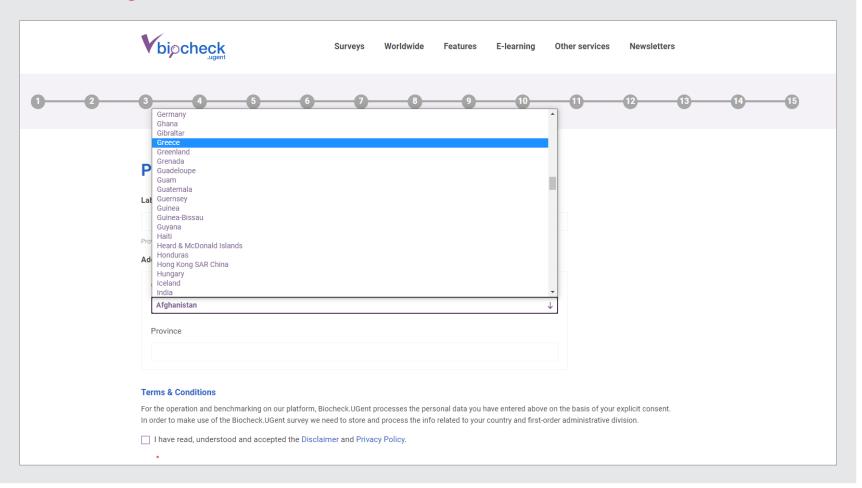






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- BioCheck (University of Ghent, Belgium) <u>biocheckgent.com</u>
- Focus on internal and external biosecurity
- Available in 11 languages







Keeping tails & testicles



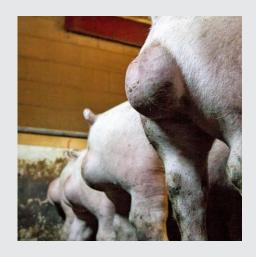
Question...

In how many countries, the majority of pig producers do not castrate and do not dock tails?

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- | | 1
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Keeping tails & testicles

Is it desirable to "adjust" animals to production systems – or does this say something about the systems?

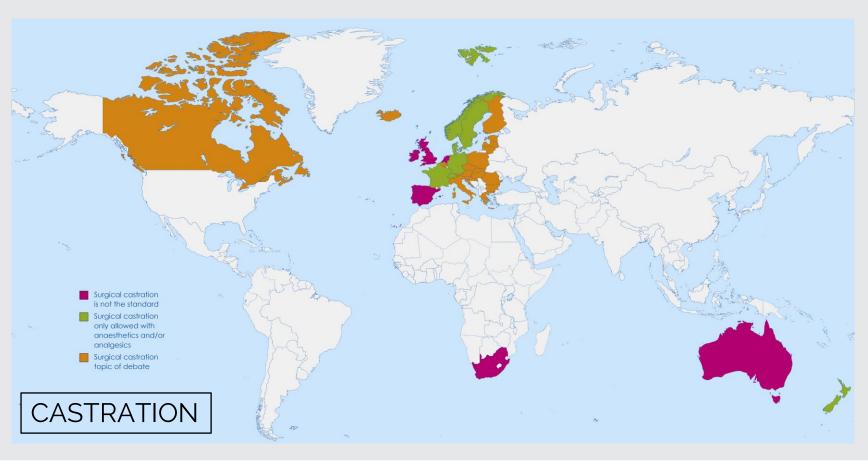






Keeping tails & testicles

- Some countries never had the castration tradition
- Others introduced new practices
- Colours show most common practice – there may be local exceptions
- Doesn't show who is performing or age limitations
- This shows attitude towards surgical castration – no inclusion of immunocastration



CASTRATION

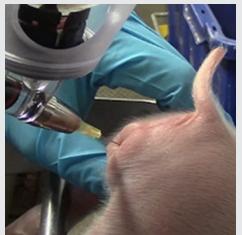
Keeping tails & testicles

Anaesthetics

→Local: Lidocaine

→ Total: Isoflurane

- Analgesics
- Immunocastration (also for females)
- Genetic/genomic selection
- Gene editing
- Nutrition (e.g. inulin/linseed/chicory)
- Welfare (reduction of stress levels)
- Human nose at the slaughterline
- Castration-free pork label (Delhaize)



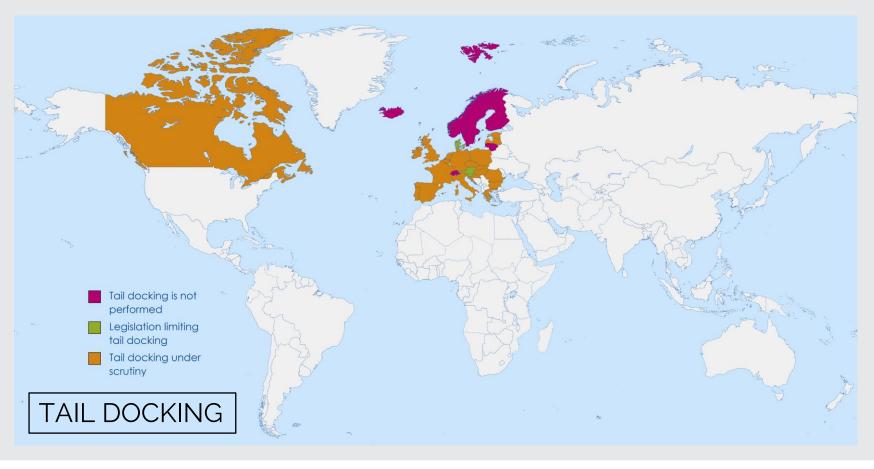


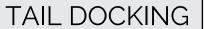




Keeping tails & testicles

- In the EU routine tail docking is formally forbidden, but there are many exceptions
- Three EU countries
 banned it
- In some other countries there's ongoing debate, research or voluntary codes





Keeping tails & testicles

- Climate
- Feeding
 - → Amino acids, fibres
 - →Trace elements, vitamins
- Lighting
- Stocking density
- Straw beddings
- Enrichment materials
- Necrosis (SINS)
- Gut health (e.g. ileitis)
- Tail posture





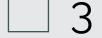


Question...

In how many countries, the majority of pig producers do not castrate and do not dock tails?











Lowering emissions



Lowering emissions

Producing pigs does not only lead to meat, it also leads to manure and emissions. That part ought to get our full attention too.

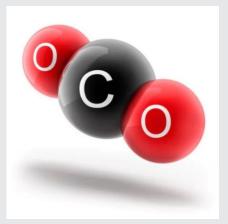


Lowering emissions

In some countries not a problem – in others they are considered problematic.

- Methane (CH₄)
- Carbon dioxide (CO₂)
- Microscopic particles
- Ammonia (NH₃)











- Oct 1, 2019
- Oct 14, 2019
- Oct 16, 2019
- Oct 25, 2019
- Dec 18, 2019
- Feb 19, 2020



Lowering emissions – nitrogen deposition

- Developments in Netherlands and Flanders (northern part of Belgium)
- Nitrogen deposition (ammonia, engines)
 - →Some plants do well, others don't
 - →Biodiversity issue
- Natura 2000 areas in EU programme
- For years: approach allowed inclusion into
- 2019: Council of State Topic to EU law
 - →Acute prob n f & n (1 1 = (46%)
 - →100 km/h or not ways;
 - → Construction projects halted
 - →Growing calls for "halving the livestock industry"



Lowering emissions – nitrogen deposition

Should an emission debate like this worry the rest of Europe?

Don't worry – this is self-inflicted

- Too strict models used for measuring nitrogen deposition
- Too many small areas submitted to Natura 2000 scheme
- These countries are too small to reach a reasonable average

NO NO

There are lessons to be learnt!

- Too much ammonia will affect its surroundings everywhere
- High courts could overturn existing legislation elsewhere too
- Lowering ammonia levels will benefit indoor climate for pigs





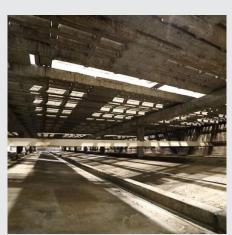
Lowering emissions – solutions

- Air scrubbers
- Precision feed formulation
 - →Low in crude protein (31% reduction in NH₃, WUR, 2022)
 - →Low in phosphates
- Climate measures
- Use of manure for biogas production
 - → Consists of CH₄ and CO₂
- Manure separation & processing (e.g. Trac by Cooperl)
 - → Direct separation at the source
 - → Relatively clean air in the pig house
 - →NH₃ and CH₄ levels lower









"So the mother pig cannot move around for an entire month?"





Deux mille treize - two thousand and thirteen. This was probably the most frequently used

September), took the opportunity to zoom in on the urgency to switch to sow group housing,

number at SPACE this year. The annual French livestock show in Rennes. France (13-16

as the deadline of 2013 is approaching.

2013 approaches: What are the alternatives?

f 🗹 🔤 in 👄 16-05-2012 | Updated on 14:25 | Home | Article



One more year and then all sows in the European Union ought to be housed in groups for most of their gestation phases. The transition to group housing systems is going differently in every European country. For those in doubt and for those interested; here's a recap of cause and effect, pros and cons, do's and don'ts.

CPF also switches to group housing for sows

7-02-2018 | Pigs | Sows & Boars | Article





f 💆 🔤 in 👄

Thailand's largest swine producer Charoen Pokphand Foods (CPF) has confirmed that it will convert all new farms to group housing for gestating sows in the years to come.

Qinglian Food, China's pioneer for sow group housing



made the company choose to do so?

Smithfield recommends group housing for pregnant sows

08-01-2014 | Updated on 13:25 | Pigs | Sows & Boars | News









Smithfield Foods, and its hog production subsidiary, Murphy-Brown, is recommending all of its contract sow growers join with the company in converting their facilities to group housing systems for pregnant sows.

Conagra Brands will source all of its pork from farms where gestating sows are kept in open pen housing systems, starting in May 2026. This means that after a maximum of 6 weeks

staying in gestation crates, gestating sows go to group pens.

GESTATION CRATES

Brazil's JBS to phase out gestation stalls

12-06-2015 | Pigs | Sows & Boars | News





Six months after BRF, Brazil's largest pork producer, said it will phase out gestation crates, Seara, Brazil's second largest pork producer owned by JBS, announced it will be gestation stall

US Supreme Court upholds Proposition 12

New gestation crate commitment from **ConAgra Brands**

14-04 | Sows & Boars | News











The US Supreme Court upheld the legality of the controversial Proposition 12, an animal welfare law passed in California in 2018. The US pork industry has strongly opposed Prop 12





- Gestation crate free production a worldwide trend
- "2013" legislation in the EU brought about innovations
 - → Electronic Sow Feeding
 - → Free access stalls
 - → Mixed set-up (Gestal; stanchions)
- Sows better prepared for farrowing
- More data available per sow → precision feeding
- Better understanding of fighting/hierarchy/stress
- Technical performance can be equalled if not be improved



- Resolution to end cage system to be put forward in European Parliament by late 2023
- Also **New Zealand** would be orange

Non-EU countries

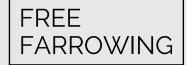
Free farrowing mandatory

Free farrowing to become mandatory

EU countries (free farrowing legislation in progress)

Pig Progress 38.01 (2022)





- Significant **trials** in Denmark (10 free farrowing pens on trial) SEGES
- Webinar late 2021: Disadvantages when converting:
 - → Significant investments (larger pens)
 - →Increased neonatal mortality
 - →Limited experience with hyperprolific sows
- Temporary confinement systems (4 days)
- Climate influences dunging behaviour
- Allow piglets to roam around?
- **Straw** or no straw?
- **Subsidies** necessary to help producers convert

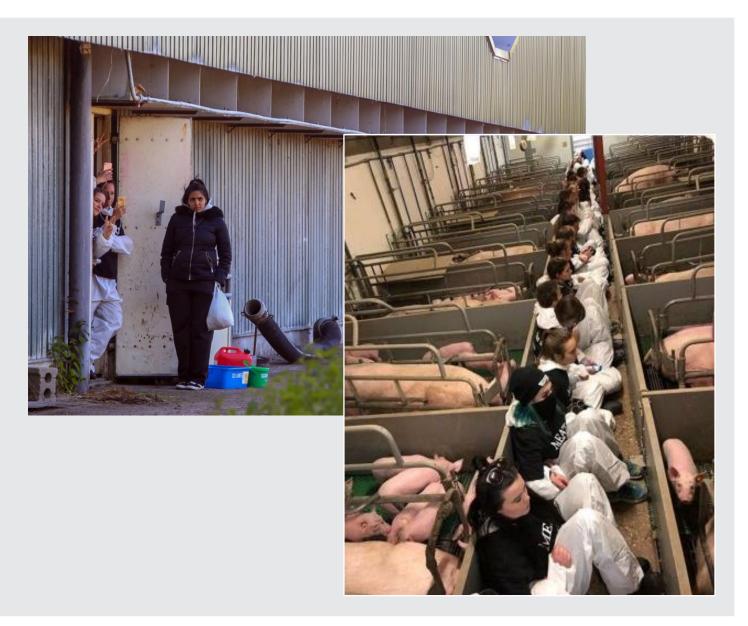




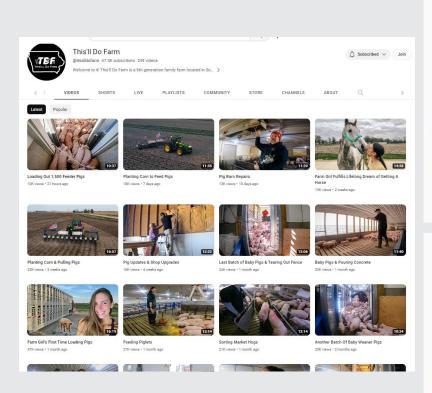
What's keeping producers from showing their pride in their work?

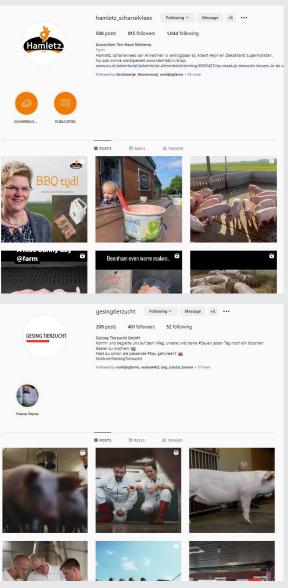


- May 13, 2019
- 200 **welfarists** entering a pig farm in Boxtel, the Netherlands
- "There is no excuse for animal abuse"
- Posting pictures on social media
- Difficulty to discern what is true
- Need for authenticity and transparency



- **Hamletz** (Netherlands)
 - →Instagram
 - →815 followers
- Gesing Tierzucht (Germany)
 - →Instagram
 - →401 followers
- This'll do farm (USA)
 - → YouTube
 - →47,500 subscribers









So the mother pig cannot move around for an entire month?



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Pig production of the future

- 2050 **→ 9.2 billion** people
- Where will these people live?
- Understanding of agriculture will come down
- Pork production will come to **embrace** welfare







Conclusion

Key take-aways

- There's a world of opportunities
- There are **limits** to growth
 - → Castration, gestation crates, social media, antibiotics, (nitrogen) emissions
- Self-control is better than be controlled
- Livestock industry has a special responsibility
- Europe is largely a-typical with its emphasis on welfare
- Knowledge and experience can help other countries

Summarising...

- One day, even multistorey pig houses might get acceptable if...
- The pig industry feels confident to share all images, because...
- Pigs are allowed to keep their tails and testicles, and
- Sows enjoy freedom of movement, and
- Emissions and manure are being dealt with, and
- Pig health can be guaranteed.



Special thanks to...

- Dr Emma Baxter, Scotland's Rural College, UK
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- Jørgen Lindberg, SPFI, Denmark/China
- Saowanee Pongpueng, supporter of Pig Progress, Netherlands
- Dhierinder Ramcharan, Misset, Netherlands
- · Allen Shu, correspondent, China
- Dr John Strak, Whole Hog, UK
- Joey Wensink, Misset, Netherlands



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